

Fees charged by Credit Rating Agencies and Trade Repositories



FACT SHEET on the Thematic Report

Key observations and areas of supervisory focus



Credit Rating Agencies



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Transparency and disclosure



Fee setting and cost monitoring



Credit rating industry and use of credit ratings



Focus

- Sufficient and clear information on fees and pricing drivers to prevent discriminatory practices and enable potential and actual clients to make informed choices.
- Need to enhance data reporting to ESMA to enable more effective supervision.

- Costs are a key factor of the feesetting process.
- Thorough cost monitoring crucial to ensure cost-based pricing.
- Regular review and controls (i.e. on costs and their relation to fee; on deviation from fee schedules) to ensure cost-based and non-discriminatory fees are applied.
- Additional challenges and risks posed by credit rating-related services provided by entities related to the registered CRAs.
- ESMA to ensure it has sufficient and relevant information.



Observations

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- Discrepancies between theoretical price (feeschedule) & actual price charged.
- Lack of clarity on drivers of price changes.
- Insufficient information currently available in ESMA's repository.
- ! Cost tracked at a high-level of aggregation, not used or usable in practice for the fee-setting process.
- Lack of internal controls to ensure compliance with regulatory provisions on fees.
- Few CRAs have significant market power. Their credit ratings are not substitutable services.
- Por some CRA groups, rating-related services (e.g. rating data delivery and licence to use ratings) are commercialised by entities related to registered CRAs with no controls from the registered CRA.









